1K FillClean High Viscosity

Safety Data Sheet

According to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2024 and the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) WHMIS 2022
Issue date: 2015-12-08 Revision date: 2025-09-26 Supersedes: 2022-03-22 Version: 3.1

SECTION 1 Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture
Product name : 1K FillClean High Viscosity
Product code : 3682071 / REZ199
Vaporizer : Aerosol

1.2. Other means of identification

No additional information available

1.3. Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : Paint

1.4. Supplier's details

Manufacturer
Peter Kwasny GmbH
96 Heibronner Str.
Gundelsheim, 74831
Germany
T 49(0) 6269-95-20

Distributor
Peter Kwasny, Inc.
12222 Merit Drive, #130
Dallas, TX 75251
USA
T 1-844-426-6330

Distributor
Peter Kwasny Spraypaint Canada Inc
40 University Avenue, Suite 904
Toronto, ON, M5J 1T1
Canada
T +1 844-426-6330

1.5. Emergency phone number

Emergency number : North America
INFOTRAC International +1 (352) 323-5000 24 hr

SECTION 2 Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS classification

Aerosol, Category 1
Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2A
Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis
Simple asphyxiant, Category 1

2.2. Label elements

GHS labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS) :

Signal word (GHS) : Danger
Hazard statements (GHS) : Extremely flammable aerosol
Pressurized container; may burst if heated

		Causes serious eye irritation May cause drowsiness or dizziness May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation
Precautionary statements (GHS)	:	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid breathing dust, fume, gas, mist, vapours, spray. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 122 °F (50 °C). Dispose of contents and/or container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulations.

2.3. Hazards associated with known or reasonably anticipated uses

No additional information available

2.4. Hazards not otherwise classified

No additional information available

2.5. Unknown acute toxicity

Not applicable

SECTION 3 Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Chemical name / Synonyms	Product identifier	Conc. (% w/w)
Dimethyl ether	Dimethyl ether Methane, oxybis- / Methyl ether / Wood ether / Methoxymethane / Methane, 1,1'-oxybis- / DIMETHYL ETHER / Oxybismethane / Dimethyl oxide / Dimethylether	CAS-No.: 115-10-6	30 - 60
Acetone	Acetone Dimethyl ketone / 2-Propanone / ACETONE / Propan-2-one / Propanone	CAS-No.: 67-64-1	30 - 60

Name	Chemical name / Synonyms	Product identifier	Conc. (% w/w)
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate 1-Methoxypropyl acetate / 2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-, 2-acetate / 2-Acetic acid methoxy-1-methylethyl ester / Methoxyisopropyl acetate / 1-Methoxy-2-propyl acetate / 1-Methoxypropylacetate / Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate / 2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-, acetate / 1-Methoxypropyl-2-acetate / 1-Methoxy-2-propanol acetate / 1-Methoxy-2-acetoxypropane / 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate / Acetic acid, 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl ester / Acetate, 1-methoxy-2-propyl / METHOXYISOPROPYL ACETATE / Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate, .alpha.-isomer / Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate (all isomers) / PGMEA / 1-Methoxypropan-2-yl acetate / Acetic acid, 2-methoxyisopropyl ester / 1-Methoxypropan-2-ol acetate	CAS-No.: 108-65-6	1 – 5

*Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4 First-aid measures

4.1. Description of necessary first-aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation : IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Give oxygen or artificial respiration if necessary.

First-aid measures after skin contact : If skin irritation occurs: Wash skin with plenty of water. Obtain medical attention if irritation persists.

First-aid measures after eye contact : IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Not expected to be a primary route of exposure. If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

4.2. Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause respiratory tract irritation. Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing. Symptoms of oxygen deficiency include respiratory difficulty, headache, dizziness, nausea, unconsciousness or death. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : May cause skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed. May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

4.3. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Other medical advice or treatment : Symptoms may be delayed. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Powder, water spray, foam, carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : Extremely flammable aerosol. Products of combustion may include, and are not limited to: oxides of carbon. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to an ignition source and flash back to source of vapours. irritating vapours.

Explosion hazard : Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed containers, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and injuries. Ruptured cylinders may rocket.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions : In case of fire: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion. DO NOT fight fire when fire reaches explosives. Move containers away from the fire area if this can be done without risk. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Protection during firefighting : Keep upwind of fire. Wear full fire fighting turn-out gear (full Bunker gear) and respiratory protection (SCBA). Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to an ignition source and flash back to source of vapours.

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Eliminate every possible source of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. Isolate from fire, if possible, without unnecessary risk.

For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

For emergency responders

Environmental precautions : Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

6.2. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Stop leak without risks if possible. Contain and/or absorb spill with inert material (e.g. sand, vermiculite), then place in a suitable container. Do not flush to sewer or allow to enter waterways. Use appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

Methods for cleaning up : Scoop up material and place in a disposal container. Provide ventilation.

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection"

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Handle and open container with care. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Handle and open container with care. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Hygiene measures : Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.

Additional hazards when processed : Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Hazardous waste due to potential risk of explosion.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including incompatibilities

Technical measures : Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed.

Storage conditions : Keep out of the reach of children. Keep container tightly closed. Store away from direct sunlight or other heat sources. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/ 122 °F. Keep in fireproof place. Store in a well-ventilated place. Protect containers from physical damage.

Storage area : Store in a well-ventilated place.

SECTION 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Dimethyl ether (115-10-6)	
USA - AIHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
WEEL TWA	1000 ppm

Acetone (67-64-1)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
ACGIH® TLV® TWA	250 ppm
ACGIH® TLV® STEL	500 ppm
ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
USA - ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices	
BEI	25 mg/l Parameter: Acetone - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift (nonspecific)
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OSHA PEL TWA	2400 mg/m³
OSHA PEL TWA	1000 ppm
USA - IDLH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
IDLH	2500 ppm (10% LEL)
USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
NIOSH REL TWA	590 mg/m³
NIOSH REL TWA	250 ppm

Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate (108-65-6)	
USA - AIHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
WEEL TWA	50 ppm

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Provide readily accessible eye wash stations and safety showers.

Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

8.3. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Hand protection:

Wear chemically resistant protective gloves. Consult glove manufacturer's product information on material suitability and material thickness.

Eye protection:

Wear approved eye protection (properly fitted dust- or splash-proof chemical safety goggles) and face protection (face shield).

Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection:

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. SDSs cannot provide detailed and complete respiratory protection guidelines. Selection of respiratory protection must be done by a qualified person who has assessed the work environment.

Other information:

Do not eat, smoke or drink where material is handled, processed or stored. Wash hands carefully before eating or smoking. Handle according to established industrial hygiene and safety practices.

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	Liquid
Appearance	:	Aerosol.
Colour	:	Clear
Odour	:	Characteristic
Odour threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Melting point	:	No data available
Freezing point	:	No data available
Boiling point	:	Not applicable
Flash point	:	0 °C (without propellant)
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Extremely flammable aerosol.
Vapour pressure	:	340 kPa (2550.2 mmHg) [room temperature]
Relative vapour density at 20°C/ 68 °F	:	No data available
Relative density	:	0.75
Density	:	0.71939 g/cm³ (20 C/ 68 F)
Solubility	:	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	:	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	No data available
Explosive limits	:	Lower: 2.6%, Upper: 18.6%
Particle characteristics	:	No data available

Dimethyl ether	
Boiling point	-24.9 °C
Flash point	-40.56 °C (closed cup)
Auto-ignition temperature	240 °C
Vapour pressure	5.12 hPa (at 20 °C)
Particle characteristics	No data available

Acetone	
Boiling point	56.05 °C
Flash point	-17 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	465 °C
Vapour pressure	233 hPa (at 20 °C)
Particle characteristics	No data available

Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	
Boiling point	145.8 °C Atm. press.: 760 mm Hg Decomposition: 'no'
Flash point	44.4 °C (open cup)
Auto-ignition temperature	315 °C
Vapour pressure	4.9 hPa (at 20 °C)
Particle characteristics	No data available

9.2. Data relevant with regard to physical hazard classes (supplemental)

VOC content : 100 %
Gas group : Press. Gas (Liq.)
Flame projection length : > 75 cm < 100 cm
Flashback : Possible

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal storage conditions. Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Container may explode if heated. Do not puncture. Do not burn. Extreme risk of explosion by shock, friction, fire or other sources of ignition.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat. Incompatible materials. sparks. Open flame. Direct sunlight.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Oxidizing materials. Acids. Alkalis.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

May include, and are not limited to: oxides of carbon.

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified.
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified.
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified.

Dimethyl ether (115-10-6)	
LC50 inhalation rat	164000 ppm/4h

Acetone (67-64-1)	
LD50 oral rat	5800 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 15700 mg/kg (Source: OECD_SIDS)
LC50 inhalation rat	50100 mg/m³ (Exposure time: 8 h Source: OECD_SIDS)

Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate (108-65-6)	
LD50 oral rat	8532 mg/kg (Source: NLM_CIP)
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 5 g/kg (Source: NLM_CIP)

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified.

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified.
Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified.

Carcinogenicity : Not classified.

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified.

Acetone (67-64-1)	
LOAEL (animal/female, F0/P)	11298 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: mouse, Animal sex: female
NOAEL (animal/male, F0/P)	900 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Remarks on results: other:Generation not specified (migrated information)

STOT-single exposure : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Acetone (67-64-1)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate (108-65-6)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure : Not classified.

Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate (108-65-6)	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	≥ 1000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)

Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate (108-65-6)	
NOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	> 1000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 410 (Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity: 21/28-Day Study)

Aspiration hazard : Not classified.

1K FillClean High Viscosity	
Viscosity, kinematic	No data available

Dimethyl ether (115-10-6)	
Viscosity, kinematic	No data available

Acetone (67-64-1)	
Viscosity, kinematic	No data available

Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate (108-65-6)	
Viscosity, kinematic	No data available

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause respiratory tract irritation. Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing. Symptoms of oxygen deficiency include respiratory difficulty, headache, dizziness, nausea, unconsciousness or death. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : May cause skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : May cause stomach distress, nausea or vomiting. May be harmful if swallowed. May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Other information : Likely routes of exposure: ingestion, inhalation, skin and eye.

SECTION 12 Ecological information

12.1. Ecotoxicity

Ecology - general : May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short–term (acute) : Not classified.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long–term (chronic) : Not classified.

Dimethyl ether (115-10-6)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 4.1 g/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Poecilia reticulata [semi-static] Source: ECHA)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 4.4 g/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 96h - Algae [1]	154.917 mg/l Test organisms (species): other:green algae

Acetone (67-64-1)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	4.74 – 6.33 ml/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss Source: EPA)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	10294 – 17704 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])
LC50 - Fish [2]	6210 – 8120 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static] Source: IUCLID)
EC50 - Crustacea [2]	12600 – 12700 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LOEC (chronic)	> 79 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'

Acetone (67-64-1)	
NOEC (chronic)	≥ 79 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'

Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate (108-65-6)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	161 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static] Source: IUCLID)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 500 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	> 1000 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)
NOEC (chronic)	≥ 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC chronic fish	47.5 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oryzias latipes Duration: '14 d'

12.2. Persistence and degradability

1K FillClean High Viscosity	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

Dimethyl ether (115-10-6)	
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable

Acetone (67-64-1)	
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable

Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate (108-65-6)	
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

1K FillClean High Viscosity	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

Dimethyl ether (115-10-6)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	-0.18

Acetone (67-64-1)	
BCF - Fish [1]	(0.69 dimensionless)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	-0.24

Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate (108-65-6)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	1.2 (at 20 °C (at pH 6.8)

12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other adverse effects

Ozone : Not classified.

Fluorinated greenhouse gases : No

Other information : No other effects known.

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation. The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Container under pressure. Do not drill or burn even after use.

SECTION 14 Transport information

In accordance with DOT / TDG

14.1. UN Number

UN-No. (DOT) : UN1950
UN-No. (TDG) : UN1950

14.2. UN Proper Shipping Name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Aerosols
Proper Shipping Name (TDG) : AEROSOLS

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

DOT
Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 2.1
Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.1

TDG
Transport hazard class(es) (TDG) : 2.1
Hazard labels (TDG) : 2.1

14.4. Packing group

Packing group (DOT) : Not applicable
Packing group (TDG) : Not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

Other information : No supplementary information available.

14.6. Transport in bulk

Not applicable

14.7. Special precautions for user

Special transport precautions : Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

DOT
UN-No. (DOT) : UN1950
DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : N82 - See 173.306 of this subchapter for classification criteria for flammable aerosols.
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 306

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	:	75 kg
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	:	150 kg
DOT Vessel Stowage Location	:	A - The material may be stowed “on deck” or “under deck” on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.
DOT Vessel Stowage Other	:	25 - Protected from sources of heat,87 - Stow “separated from” Class 1 (explosives) except Division 14,126 - Segregation same as for Class 9, miscellaneous hazardous materials

TDG

UN-No. (TDG)	:	UN1950
TDG Special Provisions	:	80 - Despite section 1.17 of Part 1 (Coming into Force, Repeal, Interpretation, General Provisions and Special Cases), a person must not offer for transport or transport these dangerous goods unless they are in a means of containment that is in compliance with the requirements for transporting gases in Part 5 (Means of Containment),107 - (1) These Regulations, except for Parts 1 and 2, do not apply to the offering for transport, handling or transport of UN1950, AEROSOLS, and UN2037, GAS CARTRIDGES, that contain dangerous goods included in Class 2.1 or Class 2.2 and that are transported on a road vehicle, a railway vehicle or a vessel on a domestic voyage, if the aerosols or gas cartridges have a capacity less than or equal to 50 mL. (2) Subsection (1) does not apply to self-defence spray.
Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index	:	1 L
Excepted quantities (TDG)	:	E0
Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Passenger Carrying Railway Vehicle Index	:	75 L
Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number	:	126

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

15.1. Federal regulations

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) and NDSL (Non-Domestic Substances List) inventories.

15.2. International regulations

No additional information available

15.3. State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

SECTION 16 Other Information

According to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2024 and the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) WHMIS 2022

Revision date	:	2025-09-26
Issue date	:	2015-12-08
Other information	:	None.
Prepared by	:	Nexreg Compliance Inc. www.Nexreg.com

Indication of changes:
SDS update.

SDS HazCom 2024 - WHMIS 2022 (Nexreg) 2025

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