

2K Epoxy Primer Gray

Safety Data Sheet

According to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2024 and the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) WHMIS 2022
Issue date: 2017-07-28 Revision date: 2025-10-17 Supersedes: 2023-08-21 Version: 5.2

SECTION 1 Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture
Product name : 2K Epoxy Primer Gray
Product code : 3680033 / REZ1472
Vaporizer : Aerosol

1.2. Other means of identification

No additional information available

1.3. Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Automotive refinish
Intended for general public

1.4. Supplier's details

Manufacturer

Peter Kwasny GmbH
96 Heibronner Str.
Gundelsheim, 74831
Germany
T 49(0) 6269-95-20

Distributor

Peter Kwasny, Inc.
12222 Merit Drive, #130
Dallas, TX 75251
USA
T 1-844-426-6330

Distributor

Peter Kwasny Spraypaint Canada Inc
40 University Avenue, Suite 904
Toronto, ON, M5J 1T1
Canada
T +1 844-426-6330

1.5. Emergency phone number

Emergency number : North America
INFOTRAC International +1 (352) 323-5000 24 hr

SECTION 2 Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS classification

Aerosol, Category 1
Skin irritation, Category 2
Eye irritation, Category 2A
Skin sensitization, Category 1
Carcinogenicity, Category 2
Reproductive toxicity, Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis
Specific target organ toxicity, Repeated exposure, Category 2
Simple asphyxiant, Category 1

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2.2. Label elements

GHS labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS)



Signal word (GHS)

: Danger

Hazard statements (GHS)

: Extremely flammable aerosol

Pressurized container; may burst if heated

Causes skin irritation

May cause an allergic skin reaction

Causes serious eye irritation

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Suspected of causing cancer.

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

May cause damage to organs (hearing organs) through prolonged or repeated exposure

May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation

Precautionary statements (GHS)

: If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Keep out of reach of children.

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, vapours, spray.

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye and face protection.

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Store locked up.

Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 122 °F (50 °C).

Dispose of contents and/or container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulations.

2.3. Hazards associated with known or reasonably anticipated uses

No additional information available

2.4. Hazards not otherwise classified

Other hazards which do not result in classification : Contact with the liquefied gas may cause frostbite.

2.5. Unknown acute toxicity

Not applicable

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SECTION 3 Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Chemical name / Synonyms	Product identifier	Conc. (% w/w)
Dimethyl ether	Dimethyl ether Methane, oxybis- / Methyl ether / Wood ether / Methoxymethane / Methane, 1,1'-oxybis- / DIMETHYL ETHER / Oxybismethane / Dimethyl oxide / Dimethylether	CAS-No.: 115-10-6	30 – 60
Acetone	Acetone Dimethyl ketone / 2-Propanone / ACETONE / Propan-2-one / Propanone	CAS-No.: 67-64-1	10 – 30
Bisphenol A-epichlorohydrin polymer	Bisphenol A-epichlorohydrin polymer 4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane / 4,4'-(1-Methylethylidene)bisphenol polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane / Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane / Epichlorohydrin-4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol resin / Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2-(chloromethyl)oxirane / Epichlorohydrin-bisphenol A resin / 4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol-epichlorohydrin polymer / Diphenylolpropane-epichlorohydrin resin / Polymer of 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol and 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane / 2,2-Bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)propane-epichlorohydrin copolymer / Poly(bisphenol A/epichlorohydrin) / Bisphenol A-epichlorohydrin, reaction product / 4,4'-ISOPROPYLIDENEDIPHENOL/EPICHLOROHYDRIN COPOLYMER / UP 5-207 / Epoxy adhesive UP 5-207 / Poly[2-(chloromethyl)oxirane-alt-4,4'-(propane-2,2-diy)ldiphenol] / (Chloromethyl)oxirane, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bisphenol copolymer / Epichlorohydrin/bisphenol A copolymer / Polymer mainly composed of epichlorohydrin/bisphenol A / Reaction product: bisphenol A-epichlorohydrin / 4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol/epichlorohydrin copolymer / Reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorohydrin); epoxy resin	CAS-No.: 25068-38-6	7-13

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Name	Chemical name / Synonyms	Product identifier	Conc. (% w/w)
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) Benzene, dimethyl- / Dimethylbenzene (mixed isomers) / Xylene / Xylene (all isomers) / Xylene (mixed isomers) / Xylene (o-, m-, p- isomers) / Xylenes / Xylenes (mixed isomers) / Dimethylbenzene / Xylol / Benzene, dimethyl-, mixed isomers / XYLENE / Dimethylbenzenes / Xylene isomers mixture / Dimethylbenzene (2-, 3-, 4-isomers) / Dimethylbenzene (mixed 2-, 3-, 4-isomers) / C8 Disubstituted benzenes / Xylene, mixed isomers / Xylenes (meta-, ortho-, para-) / Xylene (mixture), including m-xylene, o-xylene, p-xylene / Xylene (o-,m-,p-isomer mixture)	CAS-No.: 1330-20-7	1 – 5
Titanium Dioxide	Titanium Dioxide C.I. 77891 / C.I. Pigment White 6 / Titanium oxide (TiO ₂) / CI 77891 / Titanium(IV) oxide / C.I. Pigment White 7 / Pigment White 6 / Titanium oxide	CAS-No.: 13463-67-7	1 – 5
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic	Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic Naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic / Heavy aromatic naphtha / Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic / Heavy aromatic solvent naphtha / Aromatic 150 / Solvent naphtha (petroleum) heavy aromatic / Heavy aromatic solvent naphtha (petroleum) / Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic (A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from distillation of aromatic streams. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C9-16 and boiling in the range of approximately 165-290°C.) / Solvent naphtha / Hydrocarbons, C10-13, aromatics, >1% naphthalene / Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic; Kerosine - unspecified [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from distillation of aromatic streams. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C9 through C16 and boiling in the range of approximately 165°C to 290°C (330°F to 554°F).] / Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. / Solvent naphtha heavy aromatic	CAS-No.: 64742-94-5	1 – 5
Methyl isoamyl ketone	Methyl isoamyl ketone Hexan-2-one, 5-methyl- / 2-Hexanone, 5-methyl- / Isoamyl methyl ketone / Isopentyl methyl ketone / 5-Methyl-2-hexanone / 5-Methylhexan-2-one / Methyl-2-hexanone, 5-	CAS-No.: 110-12-3	1 – 5

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Name	Chemical name / Synonyms	Product identifier	Conc. (% w/w)
n-Butyl acetate	n-Butyl acetate 1-Butyl acetate / Butyl acetate, n- / Butyl acetate / BUTYL ACETATE / Acetic acid, n-butyl ester / Acetic acid, butyl ester / Butyl ethanoate / N-butyl acetate	CAS-No.: 123-86-4	1 – 5
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate 1-Methoxypropyl acetate / 2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-, 2-acetate / 2-Acetic acid methoxy-1-methylethyl ester / Methoxyisopropyl acetate / 1-Methoxy-2-propyl acetate / 1-Methoxypropylacetate / Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate / 2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-, acetate / 1-Methoxypropyl-2-acetate / 1-Methoxy-2-propanol acetate / 1-Methoxy-2-acetoxypropane / 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate / Acetic acid, 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl ester / Acetate, 1-methoxy-2-propyl / METHOXYISOPROPYL ACETATE / Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate, .alpha.-isomer / Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate (all isomers) / PGMEA / 1-Methoxypropan-2-yl acetate / Acetic acid, 2-methoxyisopropyl ester / 1-Methoxypropan-2-ol acetate	CAS-No.: 108-65-6	0.5 – 1.5
Ethylbenzene	Ethylbenzene Benzene, ethyl- / Phenylethane / ETHYLBENZENE	CAS-No.: 100-41-4	0.5 – 1.5

*Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4 First-aid measures

4.1. Description of necessary first-aid measures

First-aid measures general	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
First-aid measures after inhalation	: If inhaled and if breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Give oxygen or artificial respiration if necessary. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of Water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If frostbite occurs thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Do not use hot water. . If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If frostbite occurs thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Do not use hot water. . If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

4.2. Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: May cause irritation to the respiratory tract. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing. Symptoms of oxygen deficiency include respiratory difficulty, headache, dizziness, nausea, unconsciousness or death.
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Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause frostbite on contact with the liquefied gas.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. May cause frostbite on contact with the liquefied gas.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: May be harmful if swallowed. May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.
Chronic symptoms	: Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. May cause damage to organs (hearing organs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

4.3. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Other medical advice or treatment	: Symptoms may be delayed. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).
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SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	: Water spray. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard	: Extremely flammable aerosol. Products of combustion may include, and are not limited to: oxides of carbon. Nitrogen oxides. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to an ignition source and flash back to source of vapours.
Explosion hazard	: Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed containers, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and injuries. Ruptured cylinders may rocket.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions	: DO NOT fight fire when fire reaches explosives. Evacuate area. Move containers away from the fire area if this can be done without risk. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.
Protection during firefighting	: Keep upwind of fire. Wear full fire fighting turn-out gear (full Bunker gear) and respiratory protection (SCBA). Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to an ignition source and flash back to source of vapours.

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures	: Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Eliminate every possible source of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Use special care to avoid static electric charges.
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For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

For emergency responders

Environmental precautions	: Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.
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6.2. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

For containment	: Stop leak if safe to do so. Remove all sources of ignition. Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material (sand, vermiculite or other appropriate material), then place in suitable container. Do not flush into surface water or sewer system. Wear recommended personal protective equipment.
Methods for cleaning up	: Sweep or shovel spills into appropriate container for disposal. Provide ventilation.

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For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection"

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Precautions for safe handling : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not swallow. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Handle and open container with care.
- Hygiene measures : Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.
- Additional hazards when processed : Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Hazardous waste due to potential risk of explosion.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including incompatibilities

- Technical measures : Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed.
- Storage conditions : Keep out of the reach of children. Keep container tightly closed. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/ 122 °F. Store away from direct sunlight or other heat sources. Keep in fireproof place. Store in a well-ventilated place. Protect containers from physical damage.
- Specific end uses : Not available.

SECTION 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Dimethyl ether (115-10-6)	
USA - AIHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
WEEL TWA	1000 ppm
Acetone (67-64-1)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
ACGIH® TLV® TWA	250 ppm
ACGIH® TLV® STEL	500 ppm
ACGIH® chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
USA - ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices	
BEI	25 mg/l Parameter: Acetone - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift (nonspecific)
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OSHA PEL TWA	2400 mg/m ³
OSHA PEL TWA	1000 ppm
USA - IDLH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
IDLH	2500 ppm (10% LEL)
USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
NIOSH REL TWA	590 mg/m ³
NIOSH REL TWA	250 ppm

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Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate (108-65-6)	
USA - AIHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
WEEL TWA	50 ppm
Methyl isoamyl ketone (110-12-3)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
ACGIH® TLV® TWA	20 ppm
ACGIH® TLV® STEL	50 ppm
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OSHA PEL TWA	475 mg/m³
OSHA PEL TWA	100 ppm
USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
NIOSH REL TWA	240 mg/m³
NIOSH REL TWA	50 ppm
n-Butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	n-Butyl acetate
ACGIH® TLV® TWA	50 ppm (Butyl acetates, all isomers)
ACGIH® TLV® STEL	150 ppm (Butyl acetates, all isomers)
Remark (ACGIH®)	TLV® Basis: Eye & URT irr
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2020
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	n-Butyl-acetate
OSHA PEL TWA	710 mg/m³
OSHA PEL TWA	150 ppm
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1
USA - IDLH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
IDLH	1700 ppm (10% LEL)
USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
NIOSH REL TWA	710 mg/m³
NIOSH REL TWA	150 ppm
NIOSH REL STEL	950 mg/m³
NIOSH REL STEL	200 ppm
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Ethyl benzene
ACGIH® TLV® TWA	20 ppm
Remark (ACGIH®)	TLV® Basis: URT & Eye irr; Kidney eff; Ototoxicity; CNS impair. Notations: OTO (Ototoxicant); A3 (Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans); BEI

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Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
ACGIH® chemical category	Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2025
USA - ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices	
BEI	0.15 g/g creatinine Parameter: Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift (nonspecific)
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Ethyl benzene
OSHA PEL TWA	435 mg/m ³
OSHA PEL TWA	100 ppm
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1
USA - IDLH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
IDLH	800 ppm (10% LEL)
USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
NIOSH REL TWA	435 mg/m ³
NIOSH REL TWA	100 ppm
NIOSH REL STEL	545 mg/m ³
NIOSH REL STEL	125 ppm
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Xylene, mixed isomers (Dimethylbenzene)
ACGIH® TLV® TWA	20 ppm
Remark (ACGIH®)	TLV® Basis: Eye & URT irr; CNS impair; Hematologic eff; Ototoxicity (p-xylene). Notations: OTO (Ototoxicant) (p isomer); A4 (Not classifiable as a Human Carcinogen); BEI
ACGIH® chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2025
USA - ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices	
Local name	Xylene, all isomers (Dimethylbenzene)
BEI	1.5 g/g creatinine Parameter: Methylhippuric acids - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift (technical or commercial grade)
Remark	Commercial or technical grade xylenes consist of mixtures of isomers and significant amounts of ethyl benzene as indicated under "Properties." Because ethyl benzene is known to reduce the metabolism of xylenes to methylhippuric acids, the BEI applies to technical or commercial grades of xylenes only. The determinants refer to the total of all isomers of methylhippuric acids
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2025
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Xylenes (o-, m-, p-isomers)
OSHA PEL TWA	435 mg/m ³
OSHA PEL TWA	100 ppm

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Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1
USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Xylenes (o-, m-, p-isomers)
NIOSH REL 10h TWA	100 ppm
NIOSH REL STEL	150 ppm
Regulatory reference (US-NIOSH)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1 (NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (NPG))
Titanium Dioxide (13463-67-7)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Titanium dioxide
ACGIH® TLV® TWA	0.2 mg/m ³ (nanoscale respirable particulate matter) 2.5 mg/m ³ (finescale respirable particulate matter)
Remark (ACGIH®)	TLV® Basis: LRT irr; pneumoconiosis. Notations: A3 (Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans)
ACGIH® chemical category	Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2024
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Titanium dioxide (Total dust)
OSHA PEL TWA	15 mg/m ³ (total dust)
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1
USA - IDLH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
IDLH	5000 mg/m ³
USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
NIOSH REL TWA	2.4 mg/m ³ (CIB 63-fine) 0.3 mg/m ³ (CIB 63-ultrafine, including engineered nanoscale)

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls	: Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Provide readily accessible eye wash stations and safety showers.
Environmental exposure controls	: Avoid release to the environment.

8.3. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Hand protection:
Wear suitable gloves resistant to chemical penetration. Consult glove manufacturer's product information on material suitability and material thickness.
Eye protection:
Wear eye/face protection
Skin and body protection:
Wear suitable protective clothing

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Respiratory protection:

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. SDSs cannot provide detailed and complete respiratory protection guidelines. Selection of respiratory protection must be done by a qualified person who has assessed the work environment.

Other information:

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Appearance	: Aerosol.
Colour	: Grey
Odour	: Characteristic
Odour threshold	: No data available
pH	: No data available
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: No data available
Flash point	: < -18 °C (-0.4 °F)
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Extremely flammable aerosol.
Vapour pressure	: No data available
Relative vapour density at 20°C/ 68 °F	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Density	: 0.94 g/cm ³
Solubility	: No data available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Explosive limits	: No data available
Particle characteristics	: No data available

Dimethyl ether

Boiling point	-24.9 °C
Flash point	-40.56 °C (closed cup)
Auto-ignition temperature	240 °C
Vapour pressure	5.12 hPa (at 20 °C)
Particle characteristics	No data available

Acetone

Boiling point	56.05 °C
Flash point	-17 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	465 °C
Vapour pressure	233 hPa (at 20 °C)
Particle characteristics	No data available

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Bisphenol A-epichlorohydrin polymer	
Flash point	264 – 268 °C Atm. press.: 102,89 kPa
Vapour pressure	< 0.000000046 Pa Temp.: 25 °C
Particle characteristics	No data available

Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic	
Boiling point	174 – 193 °C
Flash point	< -30 °C (closed cup)
Auto-ignition temperature	550 °C
Vapour pressure	4100 Pa Temp.: 25 °C
Particle characteristics	No data available

Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	
Boiling point	145.8 °C Atm. press.: 760 mm Hg Decomposition: 'no'
Flash point	44.4 °C (open cup)
Auto-ignition temperature	315 °C
Vapour pressure	4.9 hPa (at 20 °C)
Particle characteristics	No data available

Methyl isoamyl ketone	
Boiling point	144 °C
Flash point	36 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	191 °C
Vapour pressure	1.5 mm Hg (at 20 °C)
Particle characteristics	No data available

n-Butyl acetate	
Boiling point	125 – 126 °C (at 1 atm)
Flash point	22 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	425 °C
Vapour pressure	13 hPa (at 20 °C)
Particle characteristics	No data available

Ethylbenzene	
Boiling point	136.1 °C Atm. press.: 1013,3 mBar Decomposition: 'no'
Flash point	23 °C Atm. press.: 1013 hPa
Auto-ignition temperature	432 °C (at 1013 hPa)
Vapour pressure	9.52 mbar Temp.: 20 °C
Particle characteristics	No data available

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Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	
Boiling point	138.3 – 141.4 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	465 – 525 °C
Vapour pressure	8.8 – 11.9 hPa (at 25 °C)
Particle characteristics	No data available

Titanium Dioxide	
Boiling point	2500 – 3000 °C
Particle characteristics	No data available

9.2. Data relevant with regard to physical hazard classes (supplemental)

Gas group	: Press. Gas (Liq.)
Additional information	: Flashback: Possible Flame projection: > 75 < 100 cm (> 29.5 < 39.4 inches)

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Container may explode if heated. Do not puncture. Do not burn. Extreme risk of explosion by shock, friction, fire or other sources of ignition.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat. Sparks. Open flame. Direct sunlight. Overheating. Incompatible materials.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Oxidizing materials. Acids. Alkalis.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

May include, and are not limited to: oxides of carbon. Nitrogen oxides.

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral)	: Not classified.
Acute toxicity (dermal)	: Not classified.
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	: Not classified.

Dimethyl ether (115-10-6)	
LC50 inhalation rat	164000 ppm/4h

2K Epoxy Primer Gray

Safety Data Sheet

According to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2024 and the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) WHMIS 2022

Acetone (67-64-1)	
LD50 oral rat	5800 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 15700 mg/kg (Source: OECD_SIDS)
LC50 inhalation rat	50100 mg/m ³ (Exposure time: 8 h Source: OECD_SIDS)
Bisphenol A-epichlorohydrin polymer (25068-38-6)	
LD50 oral rat	11400 mg/kg (Source: NLM_CIP)
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Guideline: EU Method B.3 (Acute Toxicity (Dermal))
LD50 dermal rabbit	20 ml/kg (Toxnet)
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic (64742-94-5)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (Source: IUCLID)
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Guideline: other:EPA Fed Reg Vol 50, No. 188 1985 and as amended in Fed Reg Vol 52, No. 97, 1987
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg (Source: ECHA_API)
LC50 inhalation rat	> 590 mg/m ³ (Exposure time: 4 h Source: NLM_CIP)
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate (108-65-6)	
LD50 oral rat	8532 mg/kg (Source: NLM_CIP)
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 5 g/kg (Source: NLM_CIP)
Methyl isoamyl ketone (110-12-3)	
LD50 oral rat	> 3200 mg/kg (Source: CHEMVIEW)
LD50 dermal rabbit	10 ml/kg (Source: JAPAN_GHS)
LC50 inhalation rat	17.8 mg/l (Exposure time: 6 h Source: CHEMVIEW)
n-Butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
LD50 oral rat	10768 mg/kg (Source: NLM_CIP)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 17600 mg/kg (Source: NLM_CIP)
LC50 inhalation rat	0.74 mg/l/4h
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapours)	1.86 mg/l/4h
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
LD50 oral rat	3500 mg/kg (Source: JAPAN_GHS)
LD50 dermal rabbit	15400 mg/kg (Source: JAPAN_GHS)
LC50 inhalation rat	17.4 mg/l/4h
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
LD50 oral rat	3500 mg/kg (Source: JAPAN_GHS)
LD50 dermal rat	1100 mg/kg
LD50 dermal	1700 mg/kg

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Safety Data Sheet

According to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2024 and the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) WHMIS 2022

Titanium Dioxide (13463-67-7)	
LD50 oral rat	> 10000 mg/kg (Source: IUCLID)
LC50 inhalation rat	5.09 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes skin irritation.

Titanium Dioxide (13463-67-7)	
pH	7

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye irritation.

Titanium Dioxide (13463-67-7)	
pH	7

Respiratory or skin sensitisation : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer.

Bisphenol A-epichlorohydrin polymer (25068-38-6)	
NOAEL (chronic, oral, animal/male, 2 years)	15 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity / Carcinogenicity Studies), Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.4300 (Combined Chronic Toxicity / Carcinogenicity), Guideline: other:MITI, Japanese ministry of international trade and industry, February 1998, Remarks on results: other:Effect type: toxicity (migrated information)
NOAEL (chronic, oral, animal/female, 2 years)	100 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity / Carcinogenicity Studies), Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.4300 (Combined Chronic Toxicity / Carcinogenicity), Guideline: other:MITI, Japanese ministry of international trade and industry, February 1998, Remarks on results: other:Effect type: toxicity (migrated information)

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Evidence of Carcinogenicity
In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list	Yes

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable

Titanium Dioxide (13463-67-7)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list	Yes

Reproductive toxicity : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Acetone (67-64-1)	
LOAEL (animal/female, F0/P)	11298 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: mouse, Animal sex: female
NOAEL (animal/male, F0/P)	900 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Remarks on results: other:Generation not specified (migrated information)

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Safety Data Sheet

According to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2024 and the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) WHMIS 2022

Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic (64742-94-5)	
NOAEL (animal/male, F0/P)	35 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test), Guideline: other:OPPTS 870.3650 Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction/Developmental Toxicity Screening Test
NOAEL (animal/female, F0/P)	125 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test), Guideline: other:OPPTS 870.3650 Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction/Developmental Toxicity Screening Test
STOT-single exposure	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Acetone (67-64-1)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate (108-65-6)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Methyl isoamyl ketone (110-12-3)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
n-Butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
STOT-repeated exposure	: May cause damage to organs (hearing organs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic (64742-94-5)	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	1250 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.26 (Sub-Chronic Oral Toxicity Test: Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)
LOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)	4.71 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.29 (Sub-Chronic Inhalation Toxicity:90-Day Study)
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	625 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.26 (Sub-Chronic Oral Toxicity Test: Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)
NOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 410 (Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity: 21/28-Day Study)
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)	2.355 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.29 (Sub-Chronic Inhalation Toxicity:90-Day Study)
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate (108-65-6)	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	≥ 1000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)
NOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	> 1000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 410 (Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity: 21/28-Day Study)
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	75 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs (hearing organs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

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Safety Data Sheet

According to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2024 and the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) WHMIS 2022

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	150 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity)

Aspiration hazard : Not classified.

2K Epoxy Primer Gray	
Vaporizer	Aerosol
Viscosity, kinematic	No data available

Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic (64742-94-5)	
Viscosity, kinematic	2.812 – 3.104 mm ² /s

Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
Viscosity, kinematic	0.6 mm ² /s Temp.: 'other:' Parameter: 'kinematic viscosity (in mm ² /s)' Remarks on result: 'other:'

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause irritation to the respiratory tract. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing. Symptoms of oxygen deficiency include respiratory difficulty, headache, dizziness, nausea, unconsciousness or death.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause frostbite on contact with the liquefied gas.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. May cause frostbite on contact with the liquefied gas.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed. May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Chronic symptoms : Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. May cause damage to organs (hearing organs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Other information : Likely routes of exposure: ingestion, inhalation, skin and eye.

SECTION 12 Ecological information

12.1. Ecotoxicity

Ecology - general : May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute) : Not classified.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (chronic) : Not classified.

Dimethyl ether (115-10-6)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 4.1 g/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Poecilia reticulata [semi-static] Source: ECHA)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 4.4 g/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 96h - Algae [1]	154.917 mg/l Test organisms (species): other:green algae

Acetone (67-64-1)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	4.74 – 6.33 ml/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss Source: EPA)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	10294 – 17704 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])
LC50 - Fish [2]	6210 – 8120 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static] Source: IUCLID)
EC50 - Crustacea [2]	12600 – 12700 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)

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Safety Data Sheet

According to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2024 and the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) WHMIS 2022

Acetone (67-64-1)	
LOEC (chronic)	> 79 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC (chronic)	≥ 79 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
Bisphenol A-epichlorohydrin polymer (25068-38-6)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	1.2 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	≈ 2 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	9.4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Scenedesmus capricornutum
EC50 72h - Algae [2]	> 11 mg/l Test organisms (species): Scenedesmus capricornutum
LOEC (chronic)	1 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC (chronic)	0.3 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic (64742-94-5)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	19 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static] Source: IUCLID)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	0.95 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 - Fish [2]	2.34 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss Source: IUCLID)
EC50 - Crustacea [2]	0.76 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	12.4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)
EC50 72h - Algae [2]	18.9 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)
EC50 96h - Algae [1]	11.7 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)
EC50 96h - Algae [2]	18.4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate (108-65-6)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	161 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static] Source: IUCLID)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 500 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	> 1000 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)
NOEC (chronic)	≥ 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC chronic fish	47.5 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oryzias latipes Duration: '14 d'
Methyl isoamyl ketone (110-12-3)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	159 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through] Source: EPA)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Raphidocelis subcapitata (previous names: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)
n-Butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	100 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static] Source: EPA)
LC50 - Fish [2]	17 – 19 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through] Source: EPA)

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Safety Data Sheet

According to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2024 and the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) WHMIS 2022

n-Butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	674.7 mg/l (Species: Desmodesmus subspicatus)
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	5.1 mg/l Test organisms (species): Menidia menidia
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	1.8 – 2.4 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 - Fish [2]	4.2 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [semi-static] Source: EPA)
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	4.9 mg/l Test organisms (species): Skeletonema costatum
EC50 72h - Algae [2]	2.6 – 11.3 mg/l (Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata [static])
EC50 96h - Algae [1]	> 438 mg/l (Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)
EC50 96h - Algae [2]	1.7 – 7.6 mg/l (Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata [static])
LOEC (chronic)	1.7 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia Duration: '7 d'
NOEC (chronic)	0.96 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia Duration: '7 d'
NOEC chronic crustacea	0.956 mg/l
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	2.6 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 3.4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia
LC50 - Fish [2]	2.661 – 4.093 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [static] Source: EPA)
EC50 - Crustacea [2]	0.6 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Gammarus lacustris)
LOEC (chronic)	3.16 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC chronic fish	> 1.3 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri) Duration: '56 d'
Titanium Dioxide (13463-67-7)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	155 mg/l Test organisms (species): other:Japanese Medaka
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	19.3 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 - Other aquatic organisms [1]	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species):
EC50 - Crustacea [2]	27.8 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)
LOEC (chronic)	5 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC (chronic)	≥ 2.92 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
12.2. Persistence and degradability	
2K Epoxy Primer Gray	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.
Dimethyl ether (115-10-6)	
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable
Acetone (67-64-1)	
Persistence and degradability	Not rapidly degradable

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Safety Data Sheet

According to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2024 and the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) WHMIS 2022

Bisphenol A-epichlorohydrin polymer (25068-38-6)	
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic (64742-94-5)	
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate (108-65-6)	
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable
Methyl isoamyl ketone (110-12-3)	
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable
n-Butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable
Titanium Dioxide (13463-67-7)	
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

2K Epoxy Primer Gray	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.
Dimethyl ether (115-10-6)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	-0.18
Acetone (67-64-1)	
BCF - Fish [1]	(0.69 dimensionless)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	-0.24
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic (64742-94-5)	
BCF - Fish [1]	61 – 159
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	2.8 – 6.5 (at 23 °C (at pH 6.2)
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate (108-65-6)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	1.2 (at 20 °C (at pH 6.8)
Methyl isoamyl ketone (110-12-3)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	1.88
n-Butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	1.81 (at 23 °C)
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
BCF - Fish [1]	(15 dimensionless)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	3.6 (at 20 °C (at pH 7.84)

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Safety Data Sheet

According to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2024 and the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) WHMIS 2022

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
BCF - Fish [1]	0.6 – 15
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	2.77 – 3.15

12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other adverse effects

Ozone : Not classified.
Fluorinated greenhouse gases : No
Other information : No other effects known.

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation. Container under pressure. Do not drill or burn even after use.
Additional information : Flammable vapours may accumulate in the container.

SECTION 14 Transport information

In accordance with DOT / TDG

14.1. UN Number

UN-No. (DOT) : UN1950
UN-No. (TDG) : UN1950

14.2. UN Proper Shipping Name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Aerosols
Proper Shipping Name (TDG) : AEROSOLS

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

DOT
Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 2.1
Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.1



TDG
Transport hazard class(es) (TDG) : 2.1
Hazard labels (TDG) : 2.1



14.4. Packing group

Packing group (DOT) : Not applicable

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Safety Data Sheet

According to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2024 and the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) WHMIS 2022

Packing group (TDG) : Not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

Other information : No supplementary information available.

14.6. Transport in bulk

Not applicable

14.7. Special precautions for user

Special transport precautions : Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

DOT

UN-No. (DOT) : UN1950
DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : N82 - See 173.306 of this subchapter for classification criteria for flammable aerosols.
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 306
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : None
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : None
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27) : 75 kg
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75) : 150 kg
DOT Vessel Stowage Location : A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.
DOT Vessel Stowage Other : 25 - Protected from sources of heat, 87 - Stow "separated from" Class 1 (explosives) except Division 14, 126 - Segregation same as for Class 9, miscellaneous hazardous materials

TDG

UN-No. (TDG) : UN1950
TDG Special Provisions : 80 - Despite section 1.17 of Part 1 (Coming into Force, Repeal, Interpretation, General Provisions and Special Cases), a person must not offer for transport or transport these dangerous goods unless they are in a means of containment that is in compliance with the requirements for transporting gases in Part 5 (Means of Containment), 107 - (1) These Regulations, except for Parts 1 and 2, do not apply to the offering for transport, handling or transport of UN1950, AEROSOLS, and UN2037, GAS CARTRIDGES, that contain dangerous goods included in Class 2.1 or Class 2.2 and that are transported on a road vehicle, a railway vehicle or a vessel on a domestic voyage, if the aerosols or gas cartridges have a capacity less than or equal to 50 mL.
(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to self-defence spray.
Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index : 1 L
Excepted quantities (TDG) : E0
Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Passenger Carrying Railway Vehicle Index : 75 L
Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 126

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

15.1. Federal regulations

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) and NDSL (Non-Domestic Substances List) inventories

15.2. International regulations


No additional information available

2K Epoxy Primer Gray

Safety Data Sheet

According to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2024 and the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) WHMIS 2022

15.3. State regulations

 **WARNING:** This product can expose you to Ethylbenzene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

SECTION 16 Other Information

According to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2024 and the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) WHMIS 2022

Revision date : 2025-10-17
Issue date : 2017-07-28
Other information : None.
Prepared by : Nexreg Compliance Inc.
www.Nexreg.com



Indication of changes:

SDS update.

SDS HazCom 2024 - WHMIS 2022 (Nexreg) 2025

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